DINNER & DIALOGUE



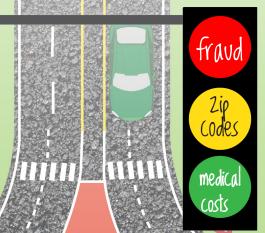
# CAR INSURANCE JUST FIX IT!

In Partnership With:











## NEURM. ENGAGE, ACT.

**AGENDA**May 02, 2019

- Introduction & Opening Clickers
- Guest Speaker:
  - Josh Rivera, University of Michigan Poverty Solutions
- Recent Updates
- Cost Drivers
- Push for Solutions
- Table Activities:
  - Focused Conversation
  - ° Trade-offs and Choices
  - Letter Writing



### LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF DETROIT

The League of Women Voters of Detroit is a nonpartisan political organization that encourages informed and active participation in government. The League does not endorse candidates or political parties. It influences public policy through education and advocacy. We invite you to join us as we make democracy work in our communities.

lwvdetroit.org



### THE TAU ALPHA OMEGA CHAPTER OF ALPHA KAPPA ALPHA SORORITY, INC.

On March 23, 1991, the **Tau Alpha Omega Chapter of Alpha Kappa Alpha Sorority**, **Incorporated** was chartered in Redford, Michigan. The strength of Alpha Kappa Alpha Sorority, Inc., is maintained through the ability of its Chapters to progress and remain abreast of what's going on in our communities as well as in the workplace. Tau Alpha Omega is one of those chapters. By remaining a small, yet personable chapter, we have been effective at leveraging the talents and backgrounds of our Sorors, be they medical, educational, technological, business, or social. When talking with the first President of Tau Alpha Omega, Soror Victoria Scott, she exclaimed that one of her visions for the Chapter was that it would "evolve technologically and change with the times to meet the social needs of our communities." Tau Alpha Omega has exceeded that vision.

akatao.net



### THE DETROIT ALUMNAE CHAPTER OF DELTA SIGMA THETA

The Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc. is a private, non-profit organization founded in 1913 by 22 college women on the campus of Howard University in Washington, D.C. Deltas are committed to public service with a primary focus on the Black community and to the constructive development of its more than 200,000 members. Since 1939, Detroit Deltas have built a rich legacy of dedicated service to the metropolitan Detroit community by promoting academic excellence, encouraging community and social activism, and providing solutions to community concerns. Our work is designed to ensure that the communities we serve — and the people who live in them — thrive. In the spirit of our 22 illustrious Founders, we are committed to "Building on the Legacy of Excellence" that is based on sisterhood, scholarship and service.

detroitdeltas.org

Below are terms you will see in this workbook.

#### **CLAIM**

A formal request by the insured to the insurance company for compensation or coverage for a covered loss

#### **COVERAGE**

The amount of protection provided by an insurance company

#### DIFS

Michigan Department of Insurance and Financial Services (DIFS)

FILE AND USE (MCL 500.2119 Subsection 5) A filing requirement for insurance companies. "Insurers must file their prices with the state prior to use, but can start charging these rates without state approval. A state can later disapprove a rate but usually cannot require refunds if a rate is deemed to be excessive." (Hunter 2008)

#### **LOSS**

Any injury or damage sustained by the insured as a consequence of an accident covered by insurance. Amount of compensation paid to a claimant

#### **BI/PD LIABILITY**

Bodily Injury/Property Damage Liability (BI/PD)

#### **MCCA**

The Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association (MCCA) is a private organization that reimburses car insurers for all PIP claims that exceed \$555,000, and is funded by an annual fee of \$192 on each car in Michigan. The fee is set to increase to \$220 and the threshold to \$580,000 on 7/1/19

### MEDICAL FEE SCHEDULE

Complete listing of maximum fees used to reimburse medical providers for services

#### PIP

Personal Injury Protection Insurance (PIP)

#### PPI

Property Protection Insurance (PPI)

#### **PREMIUM**

Amount paid for an insurance policy

#### **RATING FACTORS**

Characteristics (about you, your car, your behavior) that insurers use to predict the likelihood that you will file a claim

#### **REDLINING**

The practice of discrimination based on certain characteristics of a person's neighborhood, such as racial or ethnic makeup. Though the term originated from the discriminatory practices seen in the housing market, today it can be used in the context of extending credit or providing insurance coverage.

- "Insurance redlining" is discrimination in the marketing, underwriting and pricing of insurance based on racial or ethnic characteristics of a neighborhood.
- The use of territorial ratings as cost factors has been described as a "subtler form of redlining" due to the higher premiums minority neighborhoods often pay compared to white neighborhoods.

#### **RISK**

Possibility of loss

### **TELEMATIC DEVICE**

A system that you install in your car that records information about your driving habits, such as the number of miles you drive, your speed, and how quickly you brake. These systems sometimes analyze the time of day when you drive, as well.

### **UNDERWRITING**

Establishing the risk of insuring a person and setting a premium accordingly

NO	TES	5:		



### **AUTO INSURANCE 101—**

Detroit is the most expensive city and Michigan is the most expensive state for car insurance in the country! The average Detroiter pays 18% of their income towards car insurance with rates around \$5,000 annually, while in Chicago or Cleveland, drivers spend less than 4% of their income on car insurance.

### **Mandatory No-Fault Insurance**

All vehicles are required to carry auto insurance. No Fault insurance means that your own insurance company will cover Personal Injury Protection (pay your medical bills and lost earnings if you get in a car accident), regardless of who was at fault. Michigan is the only state in the country that requires unlimited Personal Injury Protection coverage.

### Coverages required by law



### Personal Injury Protection (PIP)

covers unlimited medical bills and three years of lost wages for the INSURED person.



### Bodily Injury and Property Damage (BI/PD)

covers medical bills and car repairs from non-resident lawsuits and residents who suffer serious injury or death



### Property Protection Insurance (PPI)

covers repair costs for OTHERS' PROPERTY up to \$1 million

### Common optional coverages



### Collision

covers auto repairs for YOUR VEHICLE



#### Comprehensive

covers theft, vandalism, weather events, etc. to YOUR VEHICLE



### **Uninsured Motorist**

covers awarded settlements against an uninsured or underinsured driver





### RATING FACTORS: WHAT DOES MICHIGAN LAW SAY?

### When setting your premium, insurers are primarily concerned with how likely you are to file a claim.

Rating Factors (one or more) required to be used: required to be used (MCL 500.2111): "Must be based only on one or more of the following factors, which shall be applied on a uniform basis throughout this state."

### **ALL INSURANCE COVERAGES**

Age, driving experience, years licensed to drive	5. Vehicle characteristics, such as engine and safety features
2. The primary driver of vehicle	6. Daily or weekly commuting mileage
3. Average miles driven per week and/or year	7. Number of cars insured or number of licensed operators in household
4. Type of use, such as business, recreation or farm	8. Amount of insurance being purchased
PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION C	OVERAGE

PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION COVERAGE			
1. Earned Income	3. Coordination of car insurance medical benefits with your health insurance		
2. Number of dependents insured	4. Use of safety belt		

### **COLLISION AND COMPREHENSIVE COVERAGE**

- 1. Anticipated cost of car repair or replacement (age, price, cost new, value)
- 2. Vehicle make and model
- 3. Vehicle damageability
- 4. Theft prevention devices

#### ALL COVERAGES EXCEPT COMPREHENSIVE

- 1. Completion of accident prevention education
- 2. At-fault accidents
- 3. Convictions for violations of vehicle code, but only as long as Secretary of State carries points for that infraction

### Also permitted by law:

Grouping risks by territory zip code, frequently referred to as red-linina

Senior discount plan (over 65 and drive fewer than 3.000 miles annually)

**Premium Discount** Plan (Michigan Law MCL500.2110a): THE LOOPHOLE that allows any factor to be considered

"If uniformly applied to all its insureds, an insurer may use factors in addition to those permitted by section 2111

for insurance if the plan is consistent with the purposes of this act and reflects reasonably anticipated reductions or increases in losses or expenses."

Therefore, non-driving factors such as gender and marital status can be and are used to determine rates.

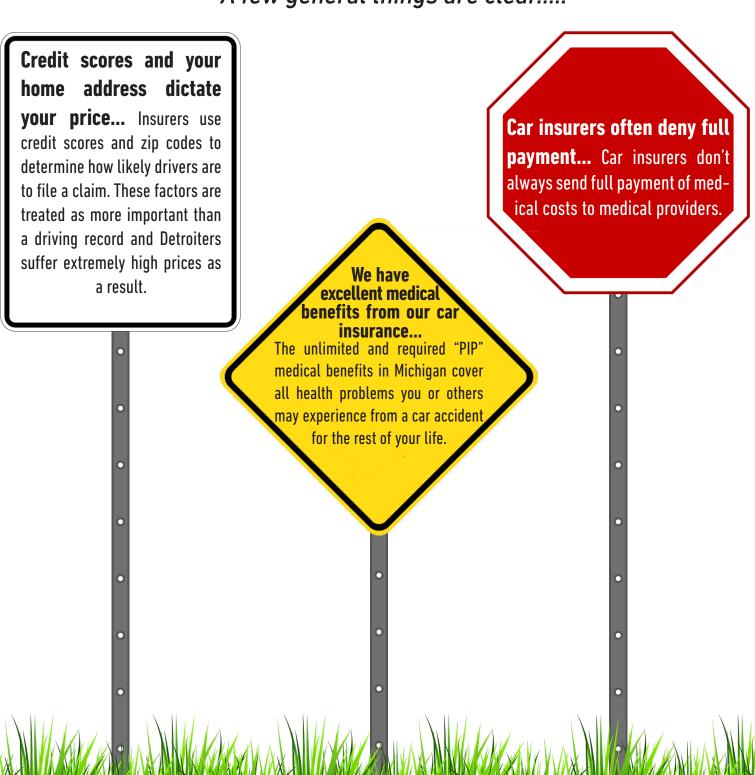


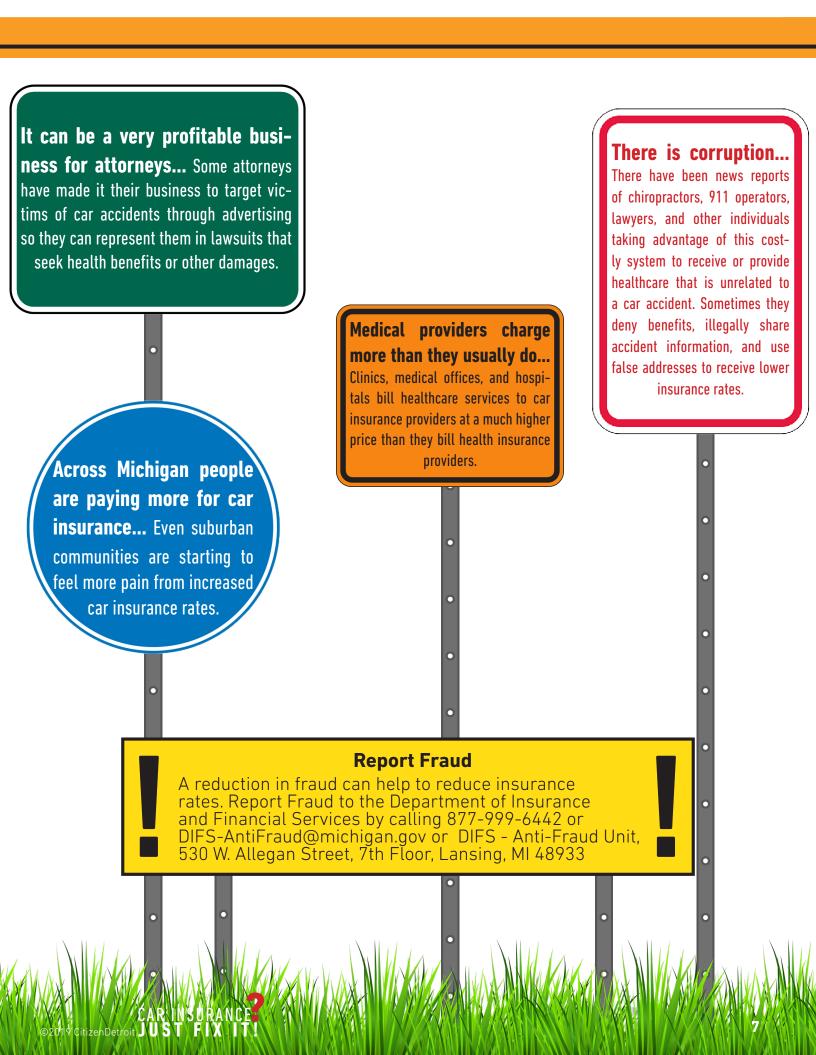


### WHY IS CAR INSURANCE SO HIGH IN DETROIT AND MICHIGAN?.

Car insurance is a complicated issue in Michigan, with many factors that contribute to its high cost. The federal government recognizes 2% of individual income as the level of car insurance affordability (so if you earn \$30,000 per year, affordable car insurance would get \$600 per year). Yet, 97% of Michigan zip codes are paying more than that. **Pages 8 and 9 show the top seven cost factors that contribute to the high cost of car insurance, with possible solutions.** 

### A few general things are clear.....





### **COST DRIVERS & REFORM IDEAS** -

COST DRIVERS	THE DETAILS	MICHIGAN'S SCENARIO			
UNLIMITED MEDICAL COVERAGE	PIP Insurance covers all of your medical expenses and some wage loss after a car accident.	<ul> <li>Michigan is the only state that mandates unlimited PIP benefits. Most states limit benefits to \$3,000 to \$250,000.</li> <li>MI allows family members to be paid as caregivers.</li> </ul>			
MEDICAL PAYMENT RATES (FEE SCHEDULES)	Fee schedules are set rates that car insurers pay for medical procedures.	<ul> <li>Michigan does not have fee schedules, and car insurers pay a "reasonable and customary" charge with the inability to negotiate, which leads to numerous of lawsuits.</li> <li>Attorneys traditionally capture 33% of all medical costs won in lawsuits.</li> </ul>			
ZIP CODE (TERRITORIAL RATINGS, REDLINING), CREDIT SCORES AND NON-DRIVING FACTORS	<ul> <li>Car insurers use your territory as a major factor in pricing policies and the likelihood to file a claim.</li> <li>Insurers use a credit formula (not credit score) for how likely you are to file a claim.</li> <li>Insurers consider married couples, people with good credit, and home owners as less likely to file a claim.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Michigan law allows the use of territory, credit and other non-driving factors in setting car insurance rates (MCL 500.2111)</li> <li>High insurance prices in Detroit are largely, though not entirely, a result of these pricing factors.</li> </ul>			
FRAUD OR ILLEGAL BEHAVIOR	<ul> <li>Ordering unnecessary medical procedures</li> <li>Exaggerating auto repair costs</li> <li>Selling bogus or illegal insurance policies</li> <li>Claiming a different address for car insurance coverage</li> </ul>	Michigan created a fraud unit by Executive Order in September 2018 to investigate and prosecute fraud in Michigan. The Anti-Fraud Unit accepts complaints from consumers and insurers.			
UNREGULATED INSURANCE PRICING	States have different levels of car insurance oversight. Michigan's insurance department is the Department of Insurance and Financial Services (DIFS)	Michigan uses a "File and Use" system where insurers must file their prices with the state prior to use, but can start charging these rates without state approval. Michigan can disapprove a rate but usually cannot require refunds if a rate is deemed to be excessive.			
<b>6</b> MCCA	The MCCA handles PIP claims that exceed \$555,000, and is funded by an annual fee on each car, currently \$192 and set to increase to \$220 for costs above \$580,000 on 7/1/19 (MCCA 3-19-18)	<ul> <li>The MCCA is not subjected to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) and currently runs a \$3.9 billion def icit.</li> <li>Insurers control the MCCA, which does not share its financial information or formulas.</li> </ul>			
NO-FAULT	No Fault insurance means that your own insurance company will pay your medical bills and lost earnings if you get in a car accident, regardless of who was at fault	<ul> <li>Michigan is one of 12 states that continues to use a no-fault insurance system.</li> <li>Colorado experienced a decrease in premiums after repealing no-fault.</li> </ul>			

### **POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS**

- Cap benefits or allow for the option to cap benefits
- Create shared costs with claimant (i.e. co-pays, referrals, networks, etc.)
- Use fee schedules that are tied to another pricing rate such as Medicare or Workers' Comp
- Use arbitration rather than court lawsuits for settlement of medical fees paid by car insurers
- Cap family attendant care rates and medical transportation rates
- Place limits on use of territorial ratings, credit, and gender in car insurance pricing, such as mandating their use as a secondary factor or splitting each territory rating with the statewide average
- Repeal the loophole law that allows all factors in insurance ratings
- Allow for refunds to consumers who have proven improper charges from car insurers
- Shorten the current one-year time limit for accident victims to file for no-fault
- Switch the "File and Use" system to a "Flex Band" system that requires approval for increases in car insurance beyond modest increases
- Allow for consumer refunds from insurers if overcharges can be proven.
- Mandate that the MCCA board is subject to annual public audits and FOIA. The DIFS Director is on the MCCA Board.
- Repeal no-fault and replace with Tort car insurance

IOTES:	



### GROUND RULES FOR DISCUSSION

- Be respectful.
- Participate. Be open, honest, and forthcoming.
- Don't dominate the discussion. Invite other points of view.
- Listen and try to understand various perspectives.
- Stay on topic and limit side conversations.
- Turn off cellphones or to vibrate.
- Be mindful of time!

After listening to the presentation on cost driving factors, we will first take some time to digest and reflect on the information you heard this evening, and get to a shared understanding of the facts with your table (questions 1 and 2, below). Then we will move on to a discussion about ways we can interpret the information and take action on the issue (questions 3 and 4).

# 1. OBJECTIVE What did you **hear** that stood out to you? 2. REFLECTIVE How do you **feel** about what you heard?

### **FACILITATED TABLE DISCUSSION:**

### 3. INTERPRETIVE:

If you were a state legislator, which of these would you **focus on** to reduce auto insurance premiums in Detroit?

	) Control medica	l costs	(unlimited	Personal	Injury	Protection)
--	------------------	---------	------------	----------	--------	-------------

C	) Prohibit use	of non-driving	factors in	setting	premiums
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	Cut	fraud
( .	Lut	fraud

- Eliminate no-fault insurance
- Any one of the above

### 4. DECISIONAL:

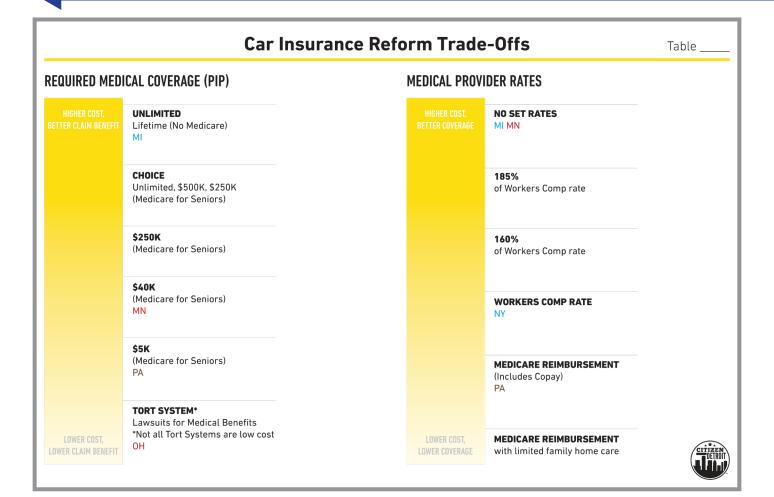
Will you take action for car insurance reform?

- Yes, I am interested in supporting a ballot initiative for car insurance reform
- Yes, I will reach out to multiple influencers on this issue
- Yes, I will reach out to an influencer on this issue
- All of the above
- No, car insurance is not a priority for me
- No, car insurance can not be changed through public participation





### **WORKBOOK TRADE-OFFS & CHOICES ACTIVITY**



### **Car Insurance Reform Choices** Table **INSURANCE RATINGS FACTORS** FRAUD AUTHORITY STRONG BAN **ALLOW WEAK** CREDIT SCORES, GENDER, ALL RATINGS FACTORS FRAUD AUTHORITY FRAUD AUTHORITY & MARITAL STAUS MA **PRIMARY FACTORS MODERATE** OF DRIVING HISTORY, FRAUD AUTHORITY MILEAGE, AND EXPERIENCE. NON-DRIVING FACTORS ARE SECONDARY CA

### The 2018 Divided Detroit Delegation

Detroit is represented by five Michigan senators and ten Michigan representatives. They directly represent us and can change state insurance laws, but in 2018 they were divided on the issue of car insurance.

The **previous legislature** considered major car insurance changes with House Bill 5013, which failed to pass by 11 votes from both Democrats and Republicans. The Detroit Delegation was split on this bill with four representatives voting "for" and five "against."

HB 5013	YES	NO	ABSENT/ VACANT
HOUSE FLOOR VOTE (11.2.17)	45	63	1 VACANT
HOUSE DETROIT DELEGATION (10 MEMBERS)	<ul> <li>HON. WENDELL BYRD*</li> <li>HON. BETTIE COOK-SCOTT</li> <li>HON. LESLIE LOVE</li> <li>HON. SYLVIA SANTANA*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>HON. STEPHANIE CHANG*</li> <li>HON. FRED DURHAL III</li> <li>HON. LATANYA GARRETT*</li> <li>HON. SHERRY GAY-DAGNOGO*</li> <li>HON. ROSEMARY ROBINSON</li> </ul>	1 VACANT

<sup>\*</sup>Currently serving in the legislature

Note: If HB 5013 would be considered today, two Detroit representatives who supported the bill and two who did not remain in the state House, alongside six new members. All of Detroit's senators are newly elected, including two former representatives. One of these senators supported HB 5013; the other opposed it.



### THE DETROIT DELEGATION —



Michigan State Senate

STEPHANIE CHANG (D) Senate District 1

senschang@senate.michigan.gov (517) 373-7346

ADAM HOLLIER (D) Senate District 2

senahollier@senate.michigan.gov

(517) 373-7748



SYLVIA SANTANA (D) Senate District 3

senssantana@senate.michigan.gov

(517) 373-0990



MARSHALL BULLOCK (D) Senate District 4 'Member of Senate Insurance and **Banking Committee'** 

senmbullock@senate.michigan.gov (517) 373-7918



BETTY JEAN ALEXANDER (D) Senate District 5

senbalexander@senate.michigan.gov (517) 373-0994



### Michigan House of Representatives

TENISHA YANCEY (D)

TenishaYancey@house.mi.gov (517) 373-0154

House District 1

JoeTate@house.mi.gov

JOE TATE (D) House District 2

House District 3

House District 4

(517) 373-1776



WENDYLL BYRD (D)

WendellByrd@house.mi.gov

IsaacRobinson@house.mi.gov

(517) 373-0144



ISAAC ROBINSON (D)

(517) 373-1008



CYNTHIA A. JOHNSON (D)

House District 5

CynthiaAJohnson@house.mi.gov

(517) 373-0844

### Michigan House of Representatives Continued



TYRONE CARTER (D) House District 6

TyroneCarter@house.mi.gov (517) 373-0823



LATANYA GARRETT (D)

House District 7

LaTanyaGarrett@house.mi.gov

(517) 373-2276



SHERRY GAY-DAGNOGO (D) SherryGay-Dagnogo@house.mi.gov House District 8

(517) 373-3815

'Member of the House Insurance Committee'



KAREN WHITSETT (D)

House District 9

'Member of the House Select **Committee on Reducing Car Insurance** 

Rates'

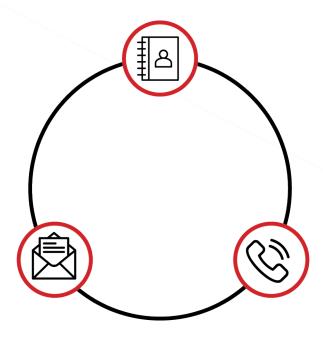
KarenWhitsett@house.mi.gov (517) 373-6990



LESLIE LOVE (D)

House District 10

LeslieLove@house.mi.gov (517) 373-0857





### A LEGAL CHALLENGE TO CAR INSURANCE \_\_\_\_\_

### Mayor Mike Duggan's Lawsuit in U.S. District Court

Mayor Mike Duggan and eight other plaintiffs have filed a lawsuit suing the state Department of Insurance and Financial Services (DIFS is represented by Director Anita Fox) in federal court in an effort to change car insurance laws. The plaintiffs come from Detroit, Oak Park, Ann Arbor, Eastpointe, and New Haven and have varied car insurance experiences that represent an essential basis for the case: insurance is unaffordable across the state.



Claim: Michigan's No-Fault Act (and therefore its automobile insurance system) is unconstitutional under both the U.S. and Michigan constitutions, because insurance premiums have become unaffordable, violating the ability of residents to drive a motor vehicle.

### Grounds for the claim:

- A 1978 Michigan Supreme Court ruling known as the "Shavers decision" says, if auto insurance is required by law, it must be available to motorists at "fair and equitable rates." (see page 22, 1978)
- A 2002 ruling in the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals established a "fundamental right" to intrastate travel (according to the plaintiffs).

The Mayor is asking the court to throw out the 1972 No-Fault Act and grant the state six months to amend the Act. Its replacement must be fair and equitable which, according to their argument, would create access to the use of personal vehicles for citizens that are currently unable to drive because of the high cost of car insurance. If the state is unsuccessful in making these changes under the timeline, the Mayor's case asks for the No-Fault Act to be nullified and for Michigan to return to a tort-based car insurance system, where you must sue the at-fault driver for medical benefits. Overall, this case is pushing for legislative changes to Michigan's car insurance system.



In a February 7, 2019 hearing, Dee J. Pascoe, an Assistant Attorney General representing DIFS, and Dir. Hill, argued that the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals ruling was "not tied to a particular means of travel."

"There is no right to travel in your car," Pascoe said.

Defense Position: The lawsuit should be tossed out on grounds that there is no federal due process (constitutional) violation.

- "There is no federal right to car insurance ... it doesn't exist."
- -Assistant Attorney General Dee J. Pascoe, February 7, 2019, representing the defendant, the Department of Insurance and Financial Services

Judge George Caram Steeh for the U.S. District Court of the Eastern District, has yet to rule on the lawsuit, but has made comments about the case and asked Michigan leaders to do something about the condition of car insurance.

Lawmakers should "address what really is a shameful situation as it relates to the cost of our insurance coverage." 1

- -Judge George Caram Steeh, February 7, 2019
- 1 Chad Livengood, Crain's Detroit Business

# One way to promote discussion about court cases is by writing and submitting op-eds to local papers (e.g. Detroit Free Press or Bridge). Use about 500 words to make an argument for your position.



### **ENACTING CAR INSURANCE REFORM, 2019 AND BEYOND.**

### THE EXECUTIVE



### **JURISDICTION**

Execute enacted state laws (e.g., no-fault auto insurance)

Manage state-level departments & agencies (e.g., Department of Insurance & Financial Services or "DIFS")

Possible Executive Actions:

- Executive Order
- Executive Directive
- Proclamation
- Veto Power

### Action to Date:

- Governor Whitmer asked the Republican-led Legislature to fund and staff an anti-fraud investigation unit.
  - Governor Whitmer requested an audit of the MCCA Fund after it announced its latest annual increase.

### WHAT CAN WE DO?

Demand some form of executive action:

### **Executive Order**

• Example: Create an executive branch commission or agency (e.g., anti-fraud investigation unit).

### **Executive Directive**

 Example: an order to the DIFS describing how they should implement policy

### Proclamation

 Example: Increase public awareness of a significant issue related to auto insurance reform.

### Veto

 Example: Veto ineffective legislation brought forth by the legislature.

### **IMPORTANT CONTACTS**

### Governor Gretchen Whitmer

Phone: 517-373-3400 Phone: 517-335-7858 (Constituent Services)

=mait:

migov@exec.state.mi.us

### Department of Insurance and Financial Services

Director: Anita G. Fox Phone: 517-284-8800

Email:

difs-info@michigan.gov

Function: DIFS is the department within Michigan's executive branch which is responsible for licensing, evaluating, regulating, and promoting the insurance and financial industries in Michigan. It manages consumer information and inquiries, and investigates consumer complaints. The Insurance Section is responsible for licensing, examining, investigating, and supervising insurance entities, including property, homeowner, and auto insurers.

### THE LEGISLATURE



### **JURISDICTION**

Responsible for making laws and appropriating money (e.g., No-Fault Act)

Laws for car insurance are set at the state level.

Action to Date: 2019
- Currently 13 pieces of legislation have been proposed in the House and Senate committees that could lower insurance rates

- 4 Senate proposals
  - ° SB 1, 4, 5, 11
- 9 House proposals
  - HB 4042,
    4080, 4111,
    4167, 4202,
    4210, 4211,
    4397, 4449

### WHAT CAN WE DO?

Demand some form of legislative action:

- Call your representative
- Email your representative
- Write a letter to your representative

Follow proposed legislation in the Senate Insurance and Banking Committee and advocate for your preferences:

 http://www.senate.michigan. gov/committee/insurance. html

Follow proposed legislation in the House Insurance Committee and advocate for your preferences:

 http://house.michigan.gov/ MHRPublic/committee.aspx

Share possible solutions for lower rates or tell your story at:

www.reducemiratesnow.com

### **IMPORTANT CONTACTS**

### State Senate Insurance and Banking Committee

Chair: Lana Theis (R) – District 22 Phone: 517-373-2764 Email:

senltheis@senate.michigan.gov

P.O. Box 30014 Lansing, MI 48909

Igan.gov Mailing Address: P.O. Box 30014 Lansing

48909

### State House Select Committee on Reducing Car Committee Chair: Daire

Chair: Jason Wentworth (R) – District 97 Phone: 517-373-8962 Email: jasonwentworth@ house.mi.gov Mailing Address: P.O. Box 30036 Lansing, MI

### State House Insurance Committee

Chair: Daire Rendon
(R) – District 103
Phone: 517-373-3817
Email: DaireRendon@house.
mi.gov

Mailing Address:

P.O. Box 30036 Lansing, MI

48909

**Functions:** The House and Senate insurance committees receive bills that are introduced and referred to them by legislators. Committee members discuss, debate, and make changes to these introduced bills. Citizens can contact committee members about bills or proposals that are before the committees. When the majority of committee members are satisfied with the bill, it is sent before the full House and Senate for further deliberation. When a bill finally passes both chambers, it is sent to the governor for approval.

### **LEVER OF POWER**

### THE PEOPLE & DIRECT DEMOCRACY



### **IMPORTANT CONTACTS**

### **Board of Canvassers**

Phone: 517-373-2540

### Michigan Department of State Bureau of Elections

Phone: 517-335-3234

Email:

soselections@michigan.

aov

### Detroit Elections Department

Mailing Address: 2978 W Grand Blvd, Detroit, MI 48202

Phone: 313-876-0190

Email:

https://detroitmi.gov/ government/city-clerk/ elections

### **JURISDICTION**

#### Vote!

Most years there is an opportunity to vote, which demonstrates the collective opinion of your community.

#### Run for Office

Elected officials make and revise laws. Each office has its own eligibility requirements, and state offices are best equipped to reform car insurance laws.

### Put a Proposal on the Ballot

Michigan provides three tools for citizens to place proposals on the ballot, that citizens can vote to approve or reject:

- Initiative enact a new law or new section(s) of law
- Referendum reject or undo an existing law
- Constitutional amendment

   amend the state constitution

### Advocacy and Lobbying

Lobbying is a form of advocacy that focuses on educating or influencing representatives in government.

- Start out with phone calls or emails. Messages can be simple - mention your name, the bill you would like them to support, and that you are a constituent.
- Show up at the next town hall meeting.
- Once you get a representative to support a piece of legislation, ask them to co-sponsor it.

### WHAT CAN WE DO?

### The Power of Elections

Vote for officials who share your views.

Winning an election and holding office means you (along with your colleagues) can write and revise laws so that they better serve your community.

Voters can change car insurance laws by casting ballots to amend statutes or the state constitution, or to enact new laws.

#### Start a Ballot Initiative:

- A petition with signatures totalling 8% of the total votes cast for governor in the last election is required (i.e., 338,440 signatures from 2018 election).
- Petitions are due at least 160 days prior to the election.

#### Invoke a Referendum:

- A petition with signatures totalling 5% of the total votes cast for governor in the last election is required (i.e., 211,525 from 2018 election).
- Petitions must be filed within 90 days after the final adjournment of the legislative session in which the law subject to referendum was enacted.
- After a referendum is properly invoked, the law in question cannot be in effect until it appears before voters as a ballot proposal in the next general election.

Prior to collecting signatures in support of a petition, proponents are required to submit a copy of the petition to the Secretary of State.

Also encouraged, though not required by law, is to submit the petition to the Board of State Canvassers for feedback.

Organize and mobilize your community to create an interest group that would advocate and lobby for your position on no-fault reform (e.g., The Coalition to Protect Auto No-Fault or the Insurance Alliance of Michigan).

### **PUSH FOR SOLUTIONS - EXAMPLE LETTER**

### **Tell Your Story**

Use the sample letter below to tell elect list of factors that could impact reform,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Greetings Hon		•
My name is and I live see why car insurance is very importabilities for us. We know there are at nigh rates, but everyday people in Mic would support reform that: (include a	ant to me and is a serious problem in torneys, medical providers and insur higan are suffering.	Michigan. Please improve this terrib
Cha	nges to Insurance Ratings Factors tl	hat:
Lowers unlimited medical benefits	Outlaws territorial (zip code) ratings	Requires driving history, driver experience, and driving miles as primary pricing factors
Bans credit scores from insurance ratings	Makes territorial (zip code) ratings secondary	
Requires Medic	al Coverage (Seniors can use their I	Medicare) that:
Is unlimited	Allows drivers to choose their cap (Unlimited, \$500K, \$250K)	Has a \$250K cap
Has a \$40K cap	Has a \$5K cap	
Does not requi	re medical coverage and returns us	s to a Tort System
	Sets Medical Provider Rates that:	1
	Equal 185% of Workers' Comp.	Equal 160% of Workers' Comp.
Equal the Workers' Comp. rate	Equal Medicare rate	Equal Medicare rate with capped family care
	_ Does not set medical provider rate	es
Sincerely,		
Name		
Address		

Phone #

Email

Submit your letter directly to the MI House Select Committee on Reducing Car Insurance Rates by visiting:

https://www.reducemiratesnow.com/

Or send your letter to another legislator or agency of your choosing. (see pages 14 & 15)



### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF AUTO INSURANCE REFORM

### 1956

### Public Act 218 of 1956 creates the Michigan Insurance Code

• Legislation signed by Governor G. Mennen Williams (D)

### 1969

Michigan Auto Insurance Placement Facility (MAIPF) created for people too risky for regular auto insurance; very expensive

### 1972

#### The Auto No-Fault framework is created

• Legislation signed by Governor Milliken (R)

### 1978

### Shavers v. Attorney General (Michigan Supreme Court case - decided 4-3)

- Ruled that compulsory no-fault was unconstitutional because insurance regulation couldn't ensure "fair and reasonable" rates
- Prompted the Essential Insurance Act of 1979

### 1979

#### Essential Insurance Act (Milliken-R)

- Established rate restrictions to address Shavers decisions
- Territorial restrictions
- Factors that are allowed to be used
- Factors that are not allowed to be used
- Accepted by the court and never challenged as unconstitutional

### 1986-91

### Experimental removal of territorial constraints (Governor James Blanchard - D)

- Included graduated premium hikes.
- Extended twice

### 1992

#### Proposal D Initiative

- Reduced rates by 20%
- Capped medical benefits at \$250K and coordinated benefits
- Failed with 37% of the vote

### 1993

### Mandatory premium reduction vetoed (Governor John Engler - R)

- Territorial removal experiment halted

### 1994

### Proposal C

- Referendum on Public Act 143
- Failed with 39% of the vote

### 1996

### Removed territorial constraints all together (Engler - R)

 Passed seven other insurance laws, including the 500.2110a discount plan language

### 2005

Governor Granholm & the state's Office of Financial and Insurance Regulation took executive action by announcing a ban on the use of credit-based insurance scoring.

- Governor Jennifer Granholm (D) initiated this when she was Attorney General.
- Ultimately ruled unconstitutional by the Michigan Supreme Court (4-3) stating the administration exceeded its statutory authority.

### 2015

#### SB 288 "D-Insurance"

- Low-cost auto insurance for low-income drivers with clean driving records was proposed in the Senate, but did not advance to a vote on the Senate floor.
- Status: Failed

(At least four reform bills were proposed by various parties between 2011-2017)

### Sept. 2017

### HB 5013 (Duggan/Leonard Plan) was proposed

- Status: Failed

### Oct. 2017

### HBs 4049, 4672, 5101-5111, 5115, 5124 (the "Fair & Affordable" package) were proposed

- Retains unlimited benefits
- Eliminates additional rating factors such as territorial rates, credit score, gender, education level, etc.
- Allow Seniors to opt out of Personal Injury Protection (PIP)
- Creates Fee Schedule at 185% of Worker's Comp fee schedule
- Creates a Fraud Authority
- Status: Failed

### 2018

### HBs 5627-5633 (Macomb Solution) are proposed

- Repeals Mandatory Coverage
- Switches Michigan to a Tort "lawsuit" based system
- Status: Failed

### March 14, 2019

### U.S. HR 1756 proposed by Rep. Rashida Tlaib, if enacted would

- Ban ratings agencies from providing credit information to any underwriters or providers of car insurance
- Ban use of consumer information in price setting
- Status: In Committee

### January - March, 2019

### SBs 1, 4, 5, 11, 88 were proposed; if enacted would

- Control medical costs by allowing seniors 63 and older to opt out of personal injury coverage when they already have health insurance coverage, and allow drivers to choose different levels of Personal Injury Protection coverage
- Require disclosure of the actuarial computation used in rate setting
- Create the Michigan Automobile Insurance Fraud Authority
- Provide for rebate of excess fees from the MCCA
- Require that automobile rates be based only on certain factors
- Status: All In Committee

### January - April, 2019

HBs 4042, 4080, 4111, 4167, 4202, 4210, 4211, 4397, 4449 were proposed, if enacted would

- Make miscellaneous changes to coverage and benefits
- Provide for a third party audit of the MCCA every 5 years and a refund of any surplus
- Require an annual audit of the MCCA
- Prohibit premium increases for repair claims based on damages caused by certain road conditions
- Create a Michigan automobile insurance fraud authority
- Subject the MCCA to the Freedom of Information Act
- Provide personal protection insurance coverage choices
- Eliminate the no-fault law
- Change allowable expenses eliminate the requirement to reimburse for chiropractic services
- Status: All In Committee



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# Distilled Democracy CitizenDetroit Trivia Night

Thursday, May 16th 7pm @ Marble Bar

Amplify Your Voice.

Updates on Detroit Schools and how you can help make change.

### Live Music.

Featuring I AM DAY
& Sounds by DJ L BooG

Free Food! Good Drinks! Good People!



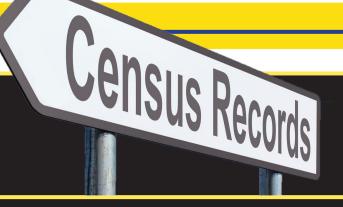
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## THE 2020 CENSUS IS COMING! MAKE SURE YOU ARE COUNTED!

The census determines how many lawmakers we get in Lansing and in Washington, D.C. as well as determines how much federal funding the city receives for programs to serve Detroiters.

For more info visit BeCountedDetroit.org



### **DEFEND OUR DEMOCRACY!**

2020 ELECTION SEASON IS ALMOST HERE!
MAKE SURE YOU ARE REGISTERED TO VOTE!

You can register at your local Secretary of State office or visit www.michigan.gov/sos for more information

DID YOU KNOW THE
2020 PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY IS
MARCH 3, 2020





COMPARISON SHOP

Most consumers do not check for better pricing. The Zebra.com has identified Safeco, USAA (for military families), GEICO and MetLife as insurers with the lowest pricing in Michigan.

- by paying your bills on time and checking your credit report for accuracy (Accounting Aid Society, United Way, SER-Metro, Southwest Solutions can help with challenges like
- COLLISION INSURANCE IS NOT MANDATORY

Evaluate how necessary these coverages are for you and your family.

resolving debt to increase your score).

- (the amount you pay on car claims before insurance pays) to lower your monthly premium price.
- ARE YOU A MEMBER OF A "DISCOUNTED ORGANIZATION"? Credit unions as well as alumni, veterans, and student groups sometimes have discounted insurance.

- PAY IN FULL for the entire year.
- ORIVE AN OLDER CAR, even by just 5 years.
- in one plan with the same provider (e.g., home insurance, auto insurance, etc.).
- What insurers consider.

  BUY A HOME OR GET MARRIED

  These are positive non-driving factors that insurers consider.
- USE "TELEMATIC" DEVICES IN YOUR CAR

or smartphone apps that track your driving habits and report back to car insurers.

If you believe you've been wronged by an insurance agent or company, file a complaint with the State of Michigan at <a href="https://difs.state.mi.us/Complaints/FileComplaint.aspx">https://difs.state.mi.us/Complaints/FileComplaint.aspx</a>

### CITIZENDETROIT INFORM. ENGAGE. ACT.

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